Sections 5-50 through 5-53 of Chapter 5 of the Victoria City Code are amended to read as follows:

ARTICLE IV. INTERNATIONAL RESIDENTIAL CODE

Sec. 5-50. Adoption of published code and controlling law.

(a) Adoption of Code. The City Council hereby adopts, for the purpose of establishing administrative provisions, rules and regulations specific to one and two family dwelling construction, alteration, enlargement, repair, equipment, use, occupancy, maintenance, location, appurtenances, and accessory structures, that certain building code known as the 2009 International Residential Code for One and Two Family Dwellings, published by the International Code Council, save and except such portions as are hereinafter deleted, modified, or amended. Copies of the aforesaid code shall be maintained on file with the City Secretary and the Development Services Department. The aforesaid code is hereby adopted and incorporated as fully as if set out at length herein, and from the date on which this section shall take effect, the provisions thereof shall be controlling in the construction of all one and two family dwellings and other structures therein regulated within the corporate limits of the city.

(b) Controlling Law. Compliance with the provisions of the International Residential Code in the construction or renovation of structures to which said code is applicable shall constitute a defense to a claim of noncompliance with a provision of the building code adopted at Section 5-60 of the City Code, the mechanical code adopted at Section 5-70 of the City Code, the plumbing code adopted at Section 5-80 of the City Code, the fuel gas code at section 5-90, or the electrical code adopted at Section 5-100 of the City Code. Compliance with the provisions of the building code adopted at Section 5-60 of the City Code, the mechanical code adopted at Section 5-70 of the City Code, the plumbing code adopted at Section 5-80 of the City Code, the fuel gas code at section 5-90, or the electrical code adopted at Section 5-100 of the City Code shall constitute a defense to a claim of noncompliance with a provision other than Chapter 11 of the International Residential Code.

Sec. 5-51. Definition.

Wherever the term “building official” is used in the International Residential Code, it shall be held to mean the director, as defined in Section 2-80 of the Victoria City Code.

Sec. 5-52. Deletions to published code.

The following portions of the International Residential code are hereby deleted:
Section R103 Department of Building Safety
Section R105 Permits
Section R106 Construction Documents
Section R107 Temporary Structures and uses
Section R108 Fees
Section R112 Board of Appeals
Section R312.2.1 Window sills.
Sec. 5-53. Amendments to published code.

The 2009 2015 International Residential Code, as adopted by the City Council of the City of Victoria, is amended as follows:

(1) Section R112 Board of Appeals is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

“Section R112 Right of Appeal and Provisions Inconsistent with the International Residential Code”

“R112.1 Right of Appeal. The Building, Electrical, Mechanical and Plumbing Board of Adjustments and Appeals shall hear appeals and requests for variances to the provisions of this code with respect to the trades represented by the provision being appealed or varied. Said appeals and requests for variances shall be heard and recommended in accordance with Sections 2-94 and 2-95 of the City Code.”

(2) Chapter 2 Definitions is amended to add the following definition: “DECORATIVE COATING. A single coat of plaster, cementitious or other approved material applied to a concrete or masonry surface for cosmetic purposes only.”

(3) Chapter 2 Definitions is amended to add the following definition: Projection Factor. The ratio of the horizontal depth of an overhang, eave, or permanently attached shading device, divided by the distance measured vertically from the bottom of the fenestration glazing to the underside of the overhang, eave, or permanently attached shading device.

(4) Chapter 2 Definitions. Ambulatory Care Facility shall be amended to read: Buildings or portions thereof used to provide medical, surgical, psychiatric, nursing or similar care on a less than 24-hour basis to individuals persons who are rendered incapable of self-preservation by the services provided. This group may include but not limited to the following: dialysis centers, sedation dentistry, surgery center, colonic centers, psychiatric centers.

(5) Table R301.2(1) Climatic and geographic design criteria is amended by adding the following entries in the appropriate columns:
Ground Snow Load: Not Applicable
Wind Speed: 85 mph / 105 (fastest mile / 3 second gust) Exposure B
Topographic effect: No
Special Wind Region: No
Wind-borne debris zone: No
Seismic Design Category: 0
Subject To Damage From
Weathering: Negligible
Frost Line Depth: No – 12-inch
Termite: Yes
Winter Design Temperature
For Heating Facilities: None Required
Ice Barrier Underlayment Req’d: No
Flood Hazard:
July 21, 1999 (Community Panel # 480638 0005G)
August 4, 1987 (Community Panel # 480638 0010E)
August 4, 1987 (Community Panel # 480638 0015E)
Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRM)
City of Victoria
Panel Number:
480638 0005G Panel Date: July 21, 1999
480638 0010E Panel Date: August 4, 1987
480638 0015E Panel Date: August 4, 1987
City of Victoria Extra Territorial Jurisdiction (ETJ)
County of Victoria
Panel Number:
480637 0125D Panel Date: November 20, 1998
480637 0200B Panel Date: September 18, 1987
Including all Letter of Map Revisions and/or Letter of Map Amendments after the referenced effective panel dates.

Air Freeze Index: 1500 or less
Mean Annual Temp: 70.2

(46) Section 301.2.1.4 Wind design criteria is amended to read “Construction in regions where the adopted basic wind speeds from Figure R301.2(4) equal or exceed 110 miles per hour (49m/s) shall be designed in accordance with one of the following:” Buildings and portions thereof shall be constructed in accordance with the wind provisions of this code using the ultimate design speed in Table R301.2(1) as adopted.

(57) Table 302.1(1), Table 302.1(1) is amended to reduce all requirements of a 5’ separation distance to a 3’ separation distance.

(68) Section R302.1.1 Exterior walls on zero lot lines is added to read as follows:

“The provisions of Section 302.1 shall not apply if the approved and recorded final plat of the subdivision provides an interior side yard
setback of a minimum of nine feet on one side of the lot, and the setback contains an easement at least six feet wide running along the length of the side of the lot that prohibits the construction of combustible building material in said easement.”

(7) R302.2 Townhouses Exception is amended to read; “A common 2 hour fire resistant rated wall assembly is permitted for townhouses if such walls do not contain plumbing or mechanical equipment, ducts or vents in the cavity of the common wall”.

(79) R302.5.1 Opening Protection is amended to read: Openings from a private garage directly into a room used for sleeping purposes shall not be permitted. Other openings between the garage and residence shall be equipped with solid wood doors not less than 1 3/8 inches (35mm) in thickness, solid or honeycomb core steel doors not less than 1 3/8 inches (35mm) thickness, or 20-minute fire-rated doors.

(810) R302.6 Dwelling/garage fire separation is amended to add Exception 1, “Exception: Concrete-filled steel lally columns used in the structure supporting the separation shall not require a gypsum board application.”

(911) 303.6.1 303.7.1 Light Activation is amended to read: “The control for activation of the required interior stairway lighting shall be accessible at the top and bottom of each stairway without traversing any steps. The illumination of exterior stairways shall be controlled from inside the dwelling unit.

Exceptions:

2) Interior stairways consisting of less than six steps.”

(1012) R310.1 Emergency escape and rescue opening required. The first sentence of the paragraph is amended to read; “Every sleeping room shall have at least one operable emergency escape and rescue opening” No other amendments are made to this section.

(1113) R311.2 Egress Door is amended to read; “At least one egress door shall be provided for each dwelling unit. The egress door shall be side-hinged, and shall provide a minimum clear width of 32 inches when measured between the face of the door and the stop, with the door open 90 degrees. The minimum clear height of the door opening shall not be less than 78 inches in height measured from the top of the threshold to the bottom of the stop. Other doors shall not be required to comply with these minimum dimensions”.

(1214) R312.1 Where required is amended to read; “Guards shall be located along open-sided walking surfaces of all decks, porches, balconies, stairs, ramps and landings that are located more than 30 inches measured vertically to the floor or grade below. Insect screening shall not be considered as a guard”.

(1315) R311.7.4.1 Riser Height 311.7.5.1Risers. The first sentence of the paragraph is amended to read: The maximum riser height shall be 8 inches (203 mm).
R311.7.4.2 Tread Depth. The first sentence of the paragraph is amended to read: The minimum tread depth shall be 9 inches (229mm).

R311.7.5.2 Treads. Exception: 1 is amended to read: “A nosing is not required where the tread depth is a minimum of 10 inches.”

R311.7.7.3 Nosings. Exception: 1 is amended to read: “A nosing is not required where the tread depth is a minimum of 10 inches.”

R311.7.8 Handrails. All of section R311.7.8 is amended to read as follows: “Handrails shall be provided on at least one side of stairways consisting of three or more risers. Handrails shall have a minimum height of 34 inches (864mm) and a maximum height of 38 inches (965mm) measured vertically from the nosing of the treads. All required handrails shall be continuous the full length of the stairs from a point directly above the top riser to a point directly above the lowest riser of the stairway. The ends of the handrail shall be returned into a wall or shall terminate in newel posts or safety terminals. A minimum clear space of 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) shall be provided between the wall and the handrail.”

R312.2 Window fall protection shall be amended to read: Where window fall protection devices are provided, the device shall be installed in accordance with Sections R312.2.2.

R403.1.6 Foundation anchorage is amended to read; “Where wood sill and sole plates and cold-formed steel framed walls are supported directly on continuous foundation walls or monolithic slabs with integral footings, they shall be anchored to the foundation in accordance with this section.

Wood sole plates at all exterior walls, wood sole plates of braced wall panels at building interiors on monolithic slabs with integral footings, and all wood sill plates shall be anchored to the foundation with anchor bolts spaced a maximum of 6 feet (1829 mm) on center. Bolts shall be at least 1/2 inch (12.7 mm) in diameter and shall extend a minimum of 7 inches (178 mm) into concrete or grouted cells of concrete masonry units. A nut and washer shall be tightened on each anchor bolt. There shall be a minimum of two bolts per plate section with one bolt located not more than 12 inches (305 mm) or less than seven bolt diameters from each end of the plate section. Approved foundation anchorage spaced as required to provide equivalent anchorage to 1/2-inch-diameter (13 mm) anchor bolts shall be permitted. Interior bearing wall sole plates on monolithic slab foundations with integral footings that are not part of a braced wall panel shall be positively anchored with approved fasteners. Sill plates and sole plates shall be protected against decay and termites where required by Sections R317 and R318. Cold-formed steel framing systems shall be fastened to wood sill plates or anchored directly to the foundation as required in Section R505.3.1 or R603.3.1.

Exceptions:

1. Walls 24 inches (610 mm) total length or shorter connecting offset braced wall panels shall be anchored to the foundation with a minimum of one anchor bolt located in the center third of the plate section and shall
be attached to adjacent braced wall panels as shown in Item 9 of Table R602.3(1).

2. Walls 12 inches (305 mm) total length or shorter connecting offset braced wall panels shall be permitted to be connected to the foundation without anchor bolts. The wall shall be attached to adjacent braced wall panels as shown in Item 9 of Table R602.3(1).

3. Exception 3 shall be added to read: Where the basic wind speed in accordance with Figure R301.2(4)A does not exceed 115 miles per hour (51m/s), the seismic design category is A or B and Method GB in accordance with Section R602.10 is used for a braced wall line on the interior of the dwelling, anchor bolts shall not be required for the wood sole plates of the braced wall panels. Positive anchorage with approved fasteners shall be provided.

(18) R404.1 Concrete and masonry foundation walls is amended to read “Concrete and masonry foundation walls shall be selected and constructed in accordance with the provisions of Section R404 or in accordance with ACI 318, AC 332, NCMATR 68 A or ACI 530/ASCE 5/TMS 402 or other approved structural standards. When ACI 318, ACI 332 or ACI 530/ASCE 5/TMS 402 or the provisions of Section R404 are used to design concrete or masonry foundation walls, project drawings, typical details and specifications are not required to bear the seal of the architect or engineer responsible for design, unless otherwise required by the state law of the jurisdiction having authority”.

(19) R502.3.3 Floor Cantilevers” is amended to read: “Floor cantilever spans shall not exceed the nominal depth of the wood floor joist. Floor cantilevers constructed in accordance with Table R502.3.3 and shall be permitted when supporting a light-frame bearing wall and roof only. The ratio of backspan to cantilever span shall be at least 3 to 1.”

(20) Add new table “Table R502.3.3 Cantilever Spans For Floor Joists Supporting Light-Frame Exterior Bearing Wall And Roof Only” (see attached table).

(21) R602.8 Fireblocking required, subsection(1) is amended to read: “In concealed spaces of stud walls and partitions, including furred spaces, at the ceiling and floor level. Batts or blankets of mineral or glass fiber or other approved non-rigid materials shall be allowed as fireblocking in walls constructed using parallel rows of studs or staggered studs or in accordance with Section R302.11”.

(22) R703.6.2 703.7.2 Plaster is amended to add the following sentence at the end of first paragraph: “Decorative coatings applied to a concrete or masonry surface shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer’s installation instructions and are not required to comply with Table 702.1(1)”.

(23) R907.3 Re-covering versus replacement Section R908.3 Roof replacement is amended to read; “New roof coverings shall not be installed
without first removing existing roof coverings where any of the following conditions occur:

1. Where the existing roof or roof covering is water-soaked or has deteriorated to the point that the existing roof or roof covering is not adequate as a base for additional roofing.
2. Where the existing roof covering is wood shake, slate, clay, cement or asbestos-cement tile.
3. Where the existing roof has two or more applications of any type of roof covering.
4. For asphalt shingles, when the building is located in an area subject to moderate or severe hail exposure according to Figure R903.5.

Exceptions:

1. Complete and separate roofing systems, such as standing-seam metal roof systems, that are designed to transmit the roof loads directly to the building’s structural system and that do not rely on existing roofs and roof coverings for support, shall not require the removal of existing roof coverings.
2. Metal panel, metal shingle, and concrete and clay tile roof coverings shall be permitted to be installed over existing wood shake roofs when applied in accordance with Section R907.4.
3. The application of new protective coating over existing spray polyurethane foam roofing systems shall be permitted without tear-off of existing roof coverings.”

(2426) N1101.2 Compliance is amended to read; “Compliance shall be demonstrated by either meeting the requirements of the International Energy Conservation Code, or meeting the requirements of this chapter, or meeting the requirements as set forth under Senate Bill 5 as mandated by the 77th Texas Legislature.

(27) N1102.3.2.1 Glazed fenestration SHGC exception, In climate Zone 2, permanently shaded vertical fenestration shall be permitted to satisfy the SHGC requirements. The projection factor of an overhang, eave, or permanently attached shading device shall be greater than or equal to the value listed in table N1102.2.3.1 (see attached) for the appropriate orientation. The minimum projections shall extend beyond each side of the glazing a minimum of 12 inches (0.3m). Each orientation shall be rounded to the nearest cardinal orientation (+/- 45 degrees or 0.79 rad) for purposes of calculation and demonstrating compliance.

(28) N1101.4 Above code programs shall be amended to read; The building official or other authority having jurisdiction shall be permitted to deem a national, state or local energy-efficiency program to exceed the energy efficiency required by the this code. Buildings approved in writing by such an energy-efficiency program shall be considered in compliance with this code.

(29) N1102.4 Air leakage shall be amended to read; The building thermal envelope shall be constructed to limit air leakage in accordance with the requirements of Sections N1102.4.1 through N1102.4.4.
Exception: Two family dwelling units and townhouses shall be permitted to comply with IECC Section C402.5.

(30) **N1102.4.1.1 Installation** shall be amended to read: (Mandatory). The components of the building thermal envelope as listed in Table N1102.4.1.1 shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and the criteria listed in Table N1102.4.1.1, as applicable to the method of construction. Where required by the building official, an approved third party shall inspect all components and verify compliance.

(31) **N1102.4.1.2 Testing.** The first sentence of the paragraph shall be amended to read: (Mandatory). The building or dwelling unit shall be tested for air leakage.

(32) **N1102.4.1.3 Leakage rate (Prescriptive)** shall be added to read: The building or dwelling unit shall have an air leakage rate not exceeding 5 air changes per hour in Climate Zone 2 when tested in accordance with Section N1102.4.1.2.

(2533)**M1502.4.4.1 1502.4.5.1 Specified length** is amended to read; “The maximum length of the exhaust duct shall be 35 feet (10,668mm) from the connection to the terminus of the transition duct from the dryer to the outlet terminal. Where fittings are utilized, the maximum length of the exhaust duct shall be reduced in accordance with Table M1502.4.4.1.

(2634)**Table M1502.4.4.1** is amended to read;

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Maytag dryers: Older Models:</th>
<th>Amana/S Speed Queen dryers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>65 feet with 0 elbows</td>
<td>44 feet with 0 elbows</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maytag, 1990</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>54 feet with 1 elbow</td>
<td>34 feet with 1 elbows</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 feet with 0 elbows</td>
<td>26 feet with 2 elbows</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>44 feet with 2 elbows</td>
<td>20 feet with 3 elbows</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42 feet with 1 elbow</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36 feet with 3 elbows</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34 feet with 2 elbows</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28 feet with 4 elbows</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Whirlpool dryers</th>
<th>Fridgidare / Westinghouse / Tappen / Gibson Whirlpool, 1991</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>64 feet with 0 elbows</td>
<td>60 feet with 0 elbows</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>58 feet with 0 elbows</td>
<td>52 feet with 1 elbow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>54 feet with 1 elbow</td>
<td>44 feet with 2 elbows</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48 feet with 1 elbow</td>
<td>38 feet with 2 elbows</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>44 feet with 2 elbows</td>
<td>34 feet with 3 elbows</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38 feet with 2 elbows</td>
<td>29 feet with 3 elbows</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34 feet with 3 elbows</td>
<td>27 feet with 4 elbows</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Kenmore dryers: Kenmore, 1988</th>
<th>Magic Chef/Admiral/Norge</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>64 feet with 0 elbows</td>
<td>45 feet with 0 elbows</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
22 feet with 3 elbows
54 feet with 1 elbow
44 feet with 2 elbows
34 feet with 3 elbows
27 feet with 4 elbows

General Electric dryers: Camco/Moffat/McClary
90 feet with 0 elbows
55 feet with 0 elbows
60 feet with 1 elbow
47 feet with 1 elbow
45 feet with 2 elbows
41 feet with 2 elbows
35 feet with 3 elbows

(2735) Section E3401.1 Applicability is amended to read: “The provisions of Chapters 34 through 43 shall establish the general scope of the electrical system and equipment requirements of this code. Chapters 34 through 43 cover those wiring methods and materials most commonly encountered in the construction of one- and two-family dwellings and structures regulated by this code. Other wiring methods, materials and subject matter covered in the most currently adopted version of the National Electrical Code (NFPA 70) as amended in Chapter 5 Buildings, Construction and Related Activities, Article IX Electrical Code, Victoria City Code, are also allowed by this code.”

(2836) Section E3401.2 Scope is amended to read: “Chapters 34 through 43 shall cover the installation of electrical systems, equipment and components indoors and outdoors that are within the scope of this code, including services, power distribution systems, fixtures, appliances, devices and appurtenances. Services within the scope of this code shall be limited to 120/240 volt, 0- to 400-ampere, single-phase systems. These chapters specifically cover the equipment, fixtures, appliances, wiring methods and materials that are most commonly used in the construction or alteration of one- and two-family dwellings and accessory structures regulated by this code. The omission from these chapters of any material or method of construction provided for in the referenced standard NFPA 70 shall not be construed as prohibiting the use of such material or method of construction. Electrical systems, equipment or components not specifically covered in these chapters shall comply with the applicable provisions of the most currently adopted version of the National Electrical Code (NFPA 70), as amended in Chapter 5 Buildings, Construction and Related Activities, Article IX Electrical Code, Victoria City Code.”

(2937) Section E3406.3 Minimum size of conductors is amended to read: “The minimum size of conductors for feeders and branch circuits shall be No. 12 copper and No. 6 aluminum. The minimum size of service conductors shall be as specified in Chapter 36.”

(3038) Section E3406.8 Aluminum and copper connections is amended by adding the following sentence: “If aluminum conductors are installed, they must be terminated according to the manufacturer's recommendations and have a coating of oxidation inhibitor applied.”

(3439) Section E3601.1 Scope is amended by adding the following sentence:
“Meter installation and service requirements of local electric utilities may be more stringent than described herein. It is recommended that requirements be verified with the appropriate electric utility before proceeding with service installation work.”

Section E3601.6.2 Service disconnect location is amended to read: “The service disconnecting means shall be installed at a readily accessible location outside of a building nearest the point of entrance of the service conductors. Each occupant shall have access to the disconnect serving the dwelling unit in which they reside.”

Section E3603.2 Ungrounded service conductors for accessory buildings and structures, Exception #3 is added to read: “For limited loads of a single branch circuit, the minimum size shall be No. 12 copper or No. 6 aluminum or copper-clad aluminum, but in no case smaller than the branch-circuit conductors.”

Section E3604.2.2 Vertical clearance from grade is amended by adding item 4 to read: “Where electric utility service installation requirements are more restrictive than those shown in items 1, 2, or 3 of this section, the more restrictive requirement for service drop conductor height shall apply.”

Section E3604.5 Service masts as supports is amended to read: “Where a service mast is used for the support of service drop conductors, it shall be of adequate strength or be supported by braces or guys to withstand the strain imposed by the service drop. Only raceway-type service masts shall be used, all raceway fittings shall be identified for use with service masts. Where a service mast extends through the roof, such mast shall be flashed so as to make the roof penetration watertight. In addition to the aforementioned provisions, a minimum of two (2) inch rigid conduit shall be used for service mast, which is the sole support of the service entrance conductors. Only power service drop conductors shall be permitted to be attached to a service mast.”

Section E3605.7 Mounting supports is amended to read: “Cables shall be supported by straps or other approved means within 12 inches (305 mm) of every service head or connection to a raceway or enclosure and at intervals not exceeding 30 inches (762 mm).”

Section E3605.9.3 Service head location is amended to read: “Service heads shall be located above the point of attachment of the service-drop conductors to the building or other structure.

   Exception: Where it is impracticable to locate the service head above the point of attachment, the service head location shall not be more than 24 inches (610 mm) from the point of attachment.”

Section E3608.1 Grounding electrode system is amended by adding the following sentence: “All new or rebuilt building services shall have installed a driven ground rod as described in Section E3608.1.4.1”

Section E3611.1 Methods of grounding conductor connection to
electrodes is amended by adding item 5 to read: “All new or rebuilt services shall have a listed acorn type set screw clamp of cast bronze or brass used to clamp the grounding electrode conductor to the grounding electrode (ground rod) as required by Sections E3608.1, E3608.1.4.”

Table E3702.13 E3702.14 Branch-circuit requirements - summary is amended by deleting the entire 15 amp circuit rating column.

Section E3703.2 Kitchen and dining area receptacles is amended by adding the following sentence: “The branch circuits serving kitchen countertop receptacles shall comply with the maximum loads specified in Section E3702, but in no case shall such circuits have more than three (3) duplex receptacles per circuit.”

Section E3703.5 Number of branch circuits is amended by adding the following sentence: “In addition to the limitations contained herein, no general purpose branch circuit shall have more than ten (10) outlets per circuit.”

Section E3704.1 Conductor Size is amended to read: “The size of feeder conductors shall not be less than No. 10 copper or No. 6 aluminum where the load supplied consists of any of the following number and types of circuits: (1) two or more two-wire branch circuits supplied by a two-wire feeder; (2) three or more two-wire branch circuits supplied by a three-wire feeder; or (3) two or more three-wire branch circuits supplied by a three-wire feeder.”

Table E3801.4 Allowable Applications For Wiring Methods is amended by adding to the Services line a footnote L to read: “See Chapter 36 for specific service wiring method limitations.”

Section E4002.14 Tamper Resistant Receptacles Exception 1 is amended to read: “In all areas specified in Section E3901.1 that are less than 42 inches above the finished floor in habitable spaces, all 125 volt, 15 and 20 amp receptacles shall be listed tamper resistant receptacles.

1. Receptacles located more than 42” above the finished floor.